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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/623,924	07/21/2003	Charles D Linder	16925	5375
26637	7590 11/24/2004		EXAMINER	
CNH AMERICA LLC			PETRAVICK, MEREDITH C	
INTELLEC 700 STATE	TUAL PROPERTY LAW STREET	/ DEPARTMENT	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
RACINE, V	WI 53404		3671	
			DATE MAILED: 11/24/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
10/623,924	LINDER, CHARLES D				
Examiner	Art Unit				
Meredith C Petravick	3671	0			
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07 September 2004.					
This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
he application. thdrawn from consideration. and/or election requirement.					
aminer.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 July 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
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e priority documents have been r Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	eceived in this Nationa	al Stage			
a list of the certified copies not r	eceived.				
SB/08) 5) Notice of Inf	formal Patent Application (P	TO-152)			
	Examiner  Meredith C Petravick  In appears on the cover sheet with  REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MC  ION.  SER 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a region.  S, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT is statute, cause the application to become ABA a mailing date of this communication, even if time of the content o	Examiner  Examiner  Meredith C Petravick  Maredith C Petravick  Meredith C Petravick  Me			

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#### DETAILED ACTION

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-5 and 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Balmer in view of the Metalforming article and Metal Spinning article.

Balmer discloses the structure of the claimed transition section (33). The transition section is a unitary metal sheet that is smooth and seamless (Fig. 2) and is in a frusto concial shape (Fig. 4). However, Balmer does not disclose the process by which the transition section is made.

The Metal Forming Article teaches that structural components of agricultural combines can be formed by spinners (Page 21, last column, line 30-42) and that is it is desirable to make parts cheaper (Page 11, fist column line 24 - second column line 4).

The Metal Spinning Article teaches that spinning is a cost effective means of fabricating conical parts. It states, "However, with the introduction of automatic lathes, spinning is now a cost effective option for both medium and high volume production. (Page 1, lines 9-10)" The spinning process hardens the material.

Given the teachings of the Metal Forming Article, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the transition section

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of Balmer by spinning as taught in the Metal Spinning Article as being a cost effective means for forming conical shapes.

Regarding claim 3, the transition section includes an annular lip (Fig. 4).

Regarding claim 4, Balmer does not disclose the thickness of the metal sheet being 4 mm.

The dimension of the metal sheet is an obvious design choice. The specification states, "These dimensions are representative of a wide variety that can be employed. (Page 8, line 12-14)"

## Response to Arguments

- 3. Applicant's arguments filed 9/7/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive with regard to the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) above.
- 4. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the suggestion to combine comes from the Metal Forming Article, which teaches that it is desirable to produce parts cheaply and the Metal Spinning Article, which teaches that spinning is a cost effective method of producing conical parts.

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#### Conclusion

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Meredith C Petravick whose telephone number is 703-305-0047. The examiner can normally be reached on M-T 8:00 a.m.- 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas B Will can be reached on 703-308-3870. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Meredith C Petravick

Patent Examiner
Art Unit 3671

November 22, 2004